

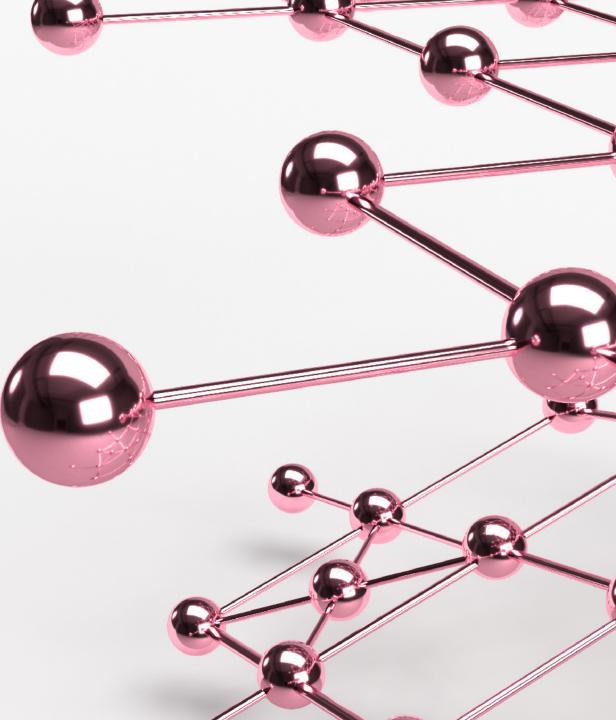
TOWARDS EXTREME NETWORK KPIS WITH PROGRAMMABILITY IN 6G

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DESIREGG GENERICS SLOGAN: DEEP PROGRAMMABILITY & SECURE DISTRIBUTED INTELLIGENCE FOR REAL-TIME END-TO-END 6G NETWORKS

Ŵ UNIVERSITAT POLITÈCNICA DE CATALUNYA BARCELONATECH NUBIS UNIVERSITEIT VAN AMSTERDAM ERICSSON **S** NEC UNIVERSITY OF OULU CINÎL Telefónica ELTE UNIVERSITY Universidad Carlos III 💽 NVIDIA, uc3m Allelleran de Madria Sant'Anna SHIELD

Project coordination: University of Amsterdam

Technical coordination: Ericsson Hungary

Duration: 01/01/2023 - 31/12/2025

Total Cost: 6.227.919€

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WHY DESIRE6G?

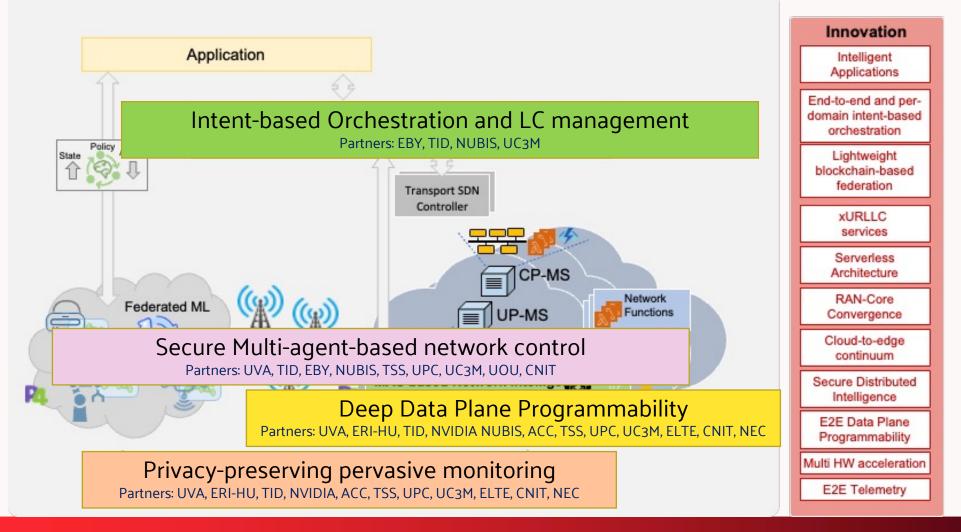
What is the difference between D6G and the other 6G projects?

We study

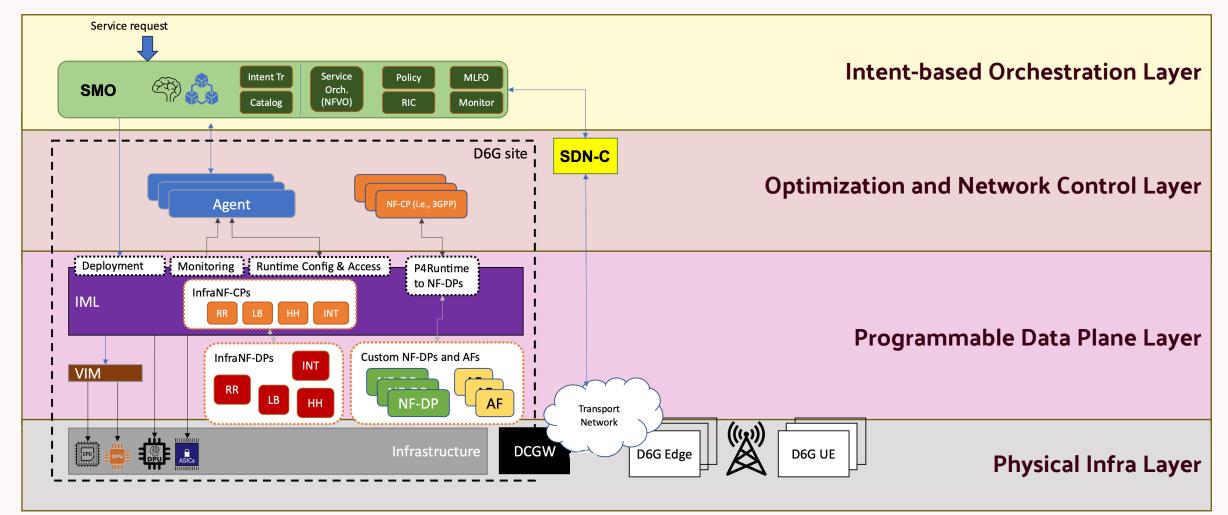
- How end-to-end network programmability helps in solving really challenging use cases / KPIs (such as below ms latency) in a multi-service network study the flexibility / performance trade-off
- How to solve the complexity problem of centralized control and optimization with a distributed agent-based system
- And how can we put this together as simply as possible with other innovative methods, like Aldriven telemetry, blockchain-based federation and a DLT-backed software security framework
- So D6G has a **bottom-up** view and focuses on proof of concept **demos** to validate the value proposition

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D6G KEY INNOVATIONS

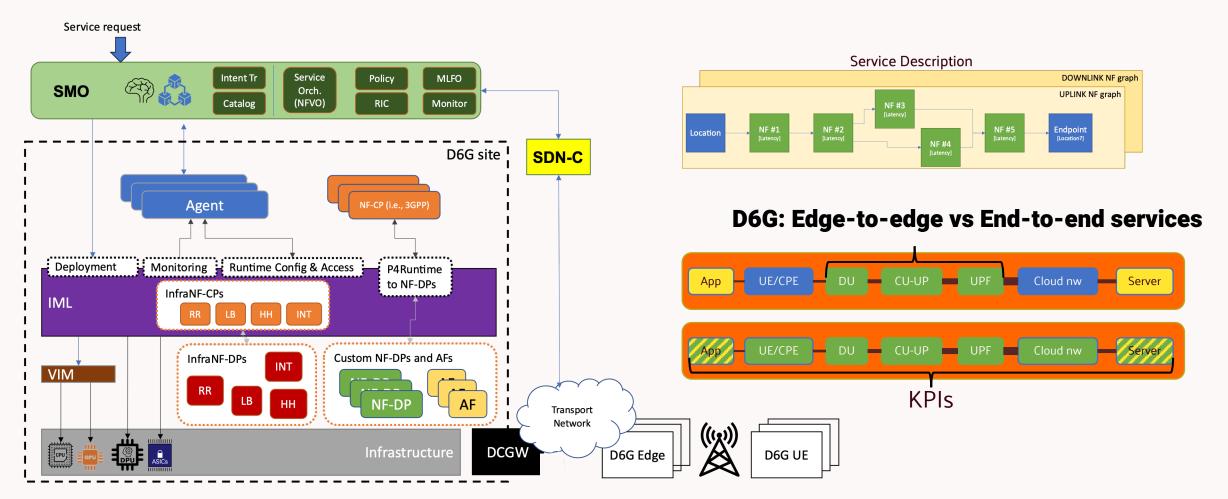


D6G ARCHITECTURE AND LAYERS





D6G ARCHITECTURE AND SERVICES





ARCHITECTURE DETAILS



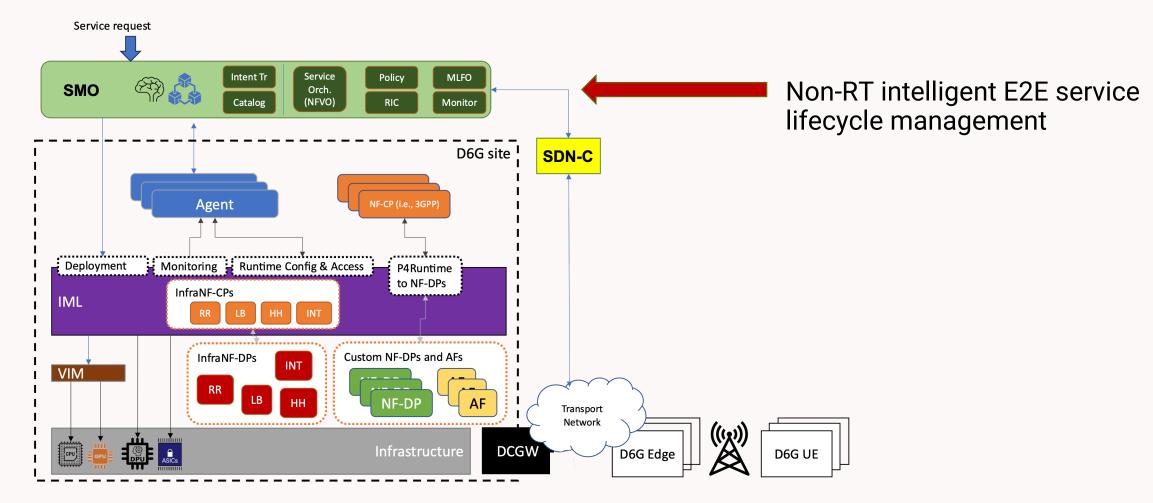
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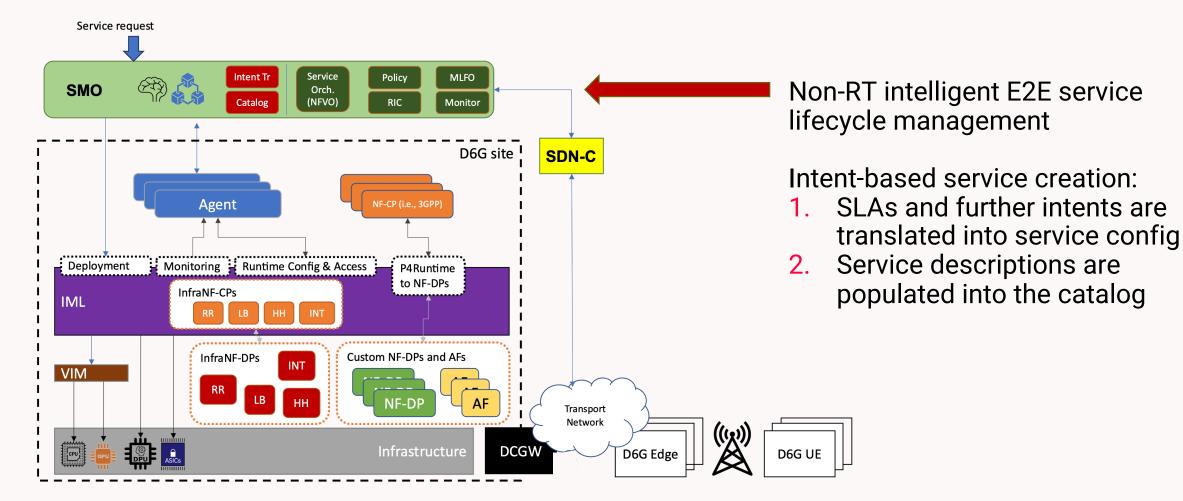


SERVICE MGMT & ORCHESTRATION



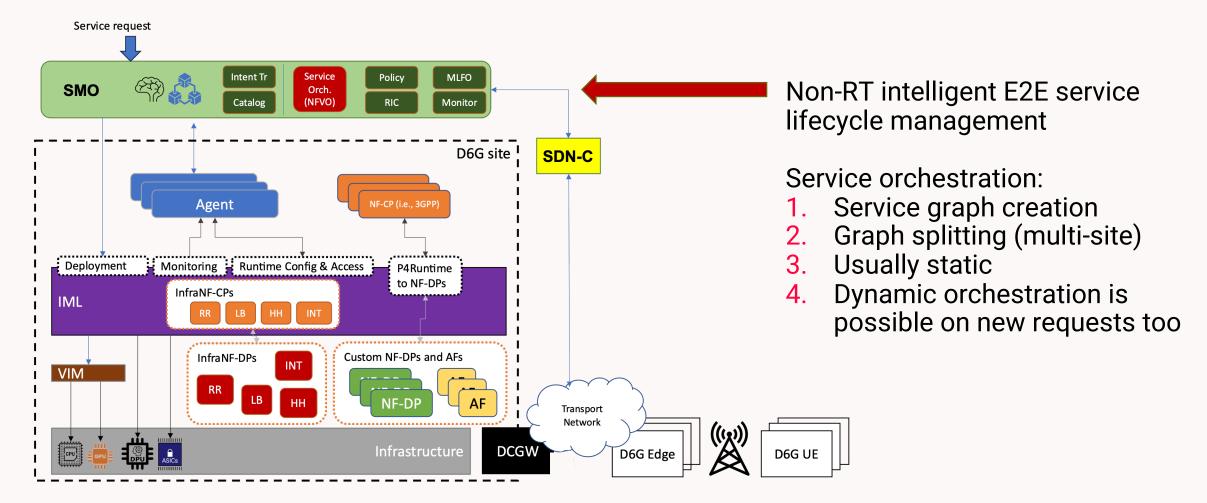
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SERVICE MGMT & ORCHESTRATION



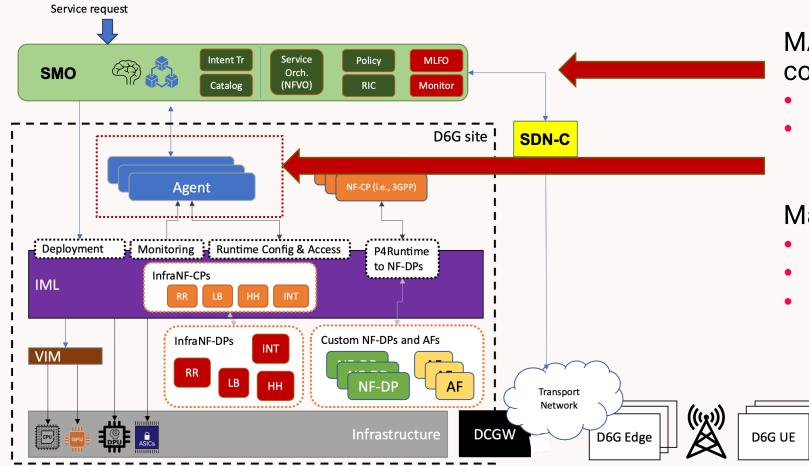
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MULTI-AGENT SYSTEM



MAS enables NRT distributed control with

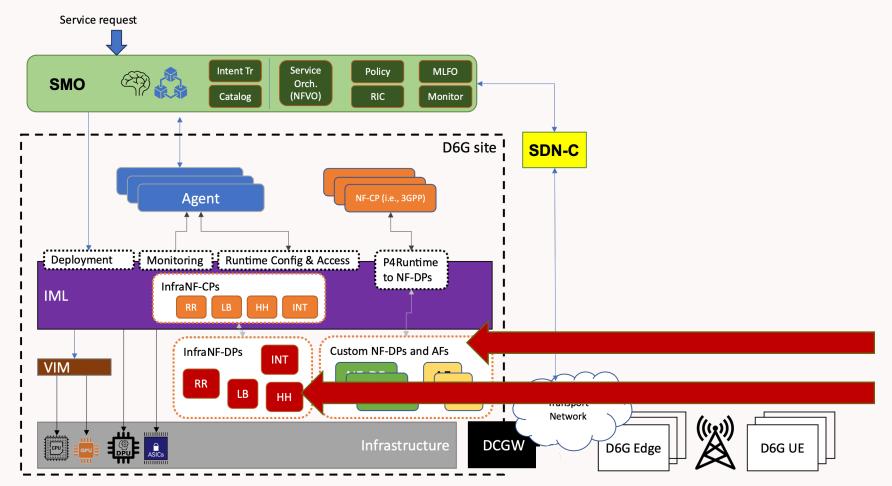
- local (near real-time) and
- central (orchestration MLFO, monitor) components

Main tasks:

- Telemetry collection
- Al-driven decision making
- Actuation / reconfiguration

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PROGRAMMABLE DATA PLANE

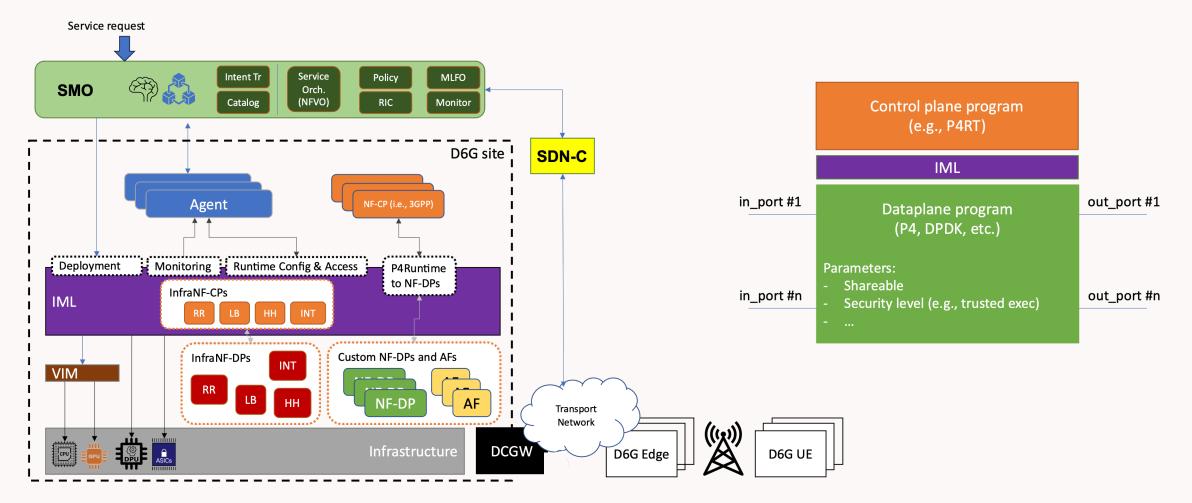


E2E programmable data plane

- Flexible, customized packet processing operations and protocol support
- Transparent hardware acceleration
- (In band) Network Telemetry

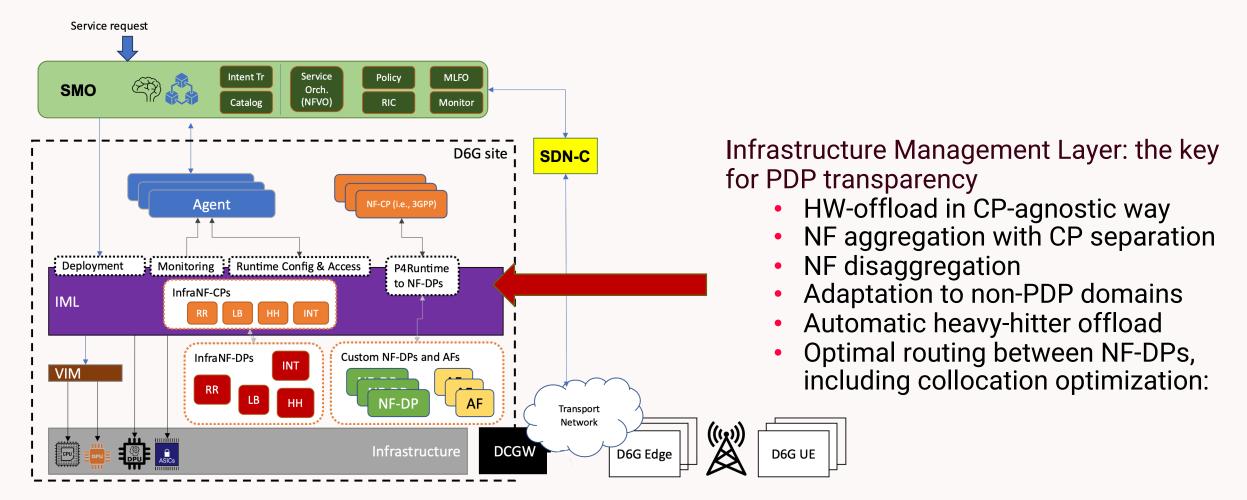


PDP: TRANSPARENCY IN DATA PLANE



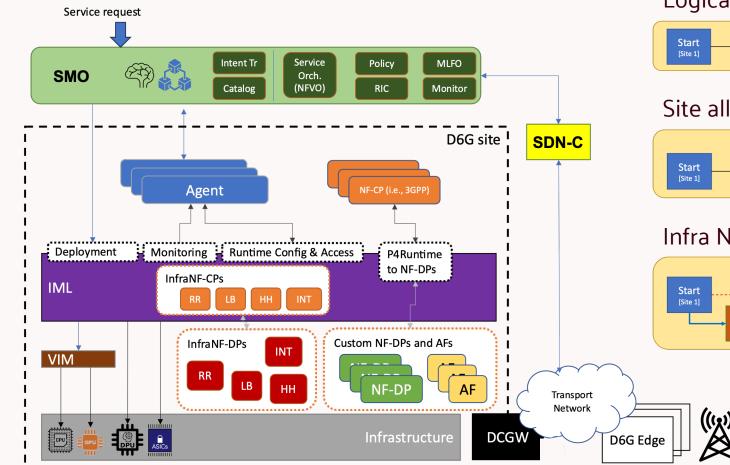
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INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT LAYER

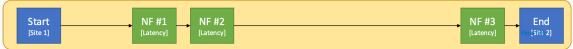


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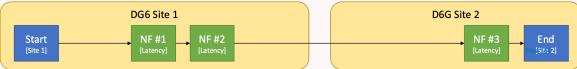
SERVICE DEPLOYMENT



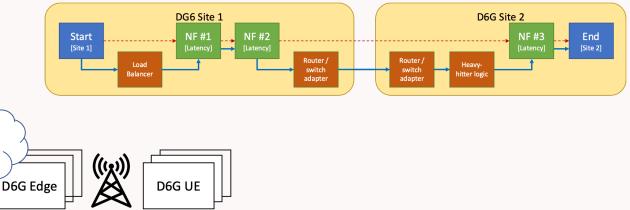
Logical view (service creation time)



Site allocation (by SMO)

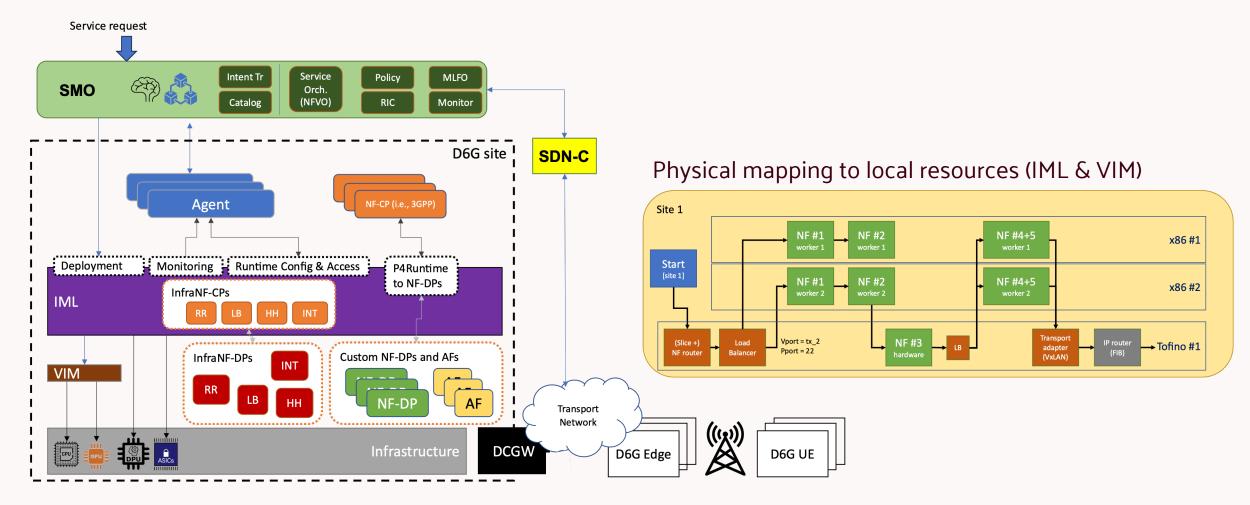


Infra NFs and local connections (by IML)



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SERVICE DEPLOYMENT





TOWARDS A UNIFIED CLOUD-NATIVE DATA PLANE



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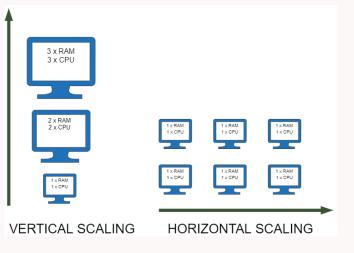


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SOFTWARIZATION TREND IN PACKET CORE NETWORKS

- Delivering new functionalities
 - Timely and customized way
- Softwarized packet core
 - Packet processing in software
 - Running on commodity servers
- High flexibility and good scalability
 - Software instances can be scaled up or down
 - Network Function Virtualization

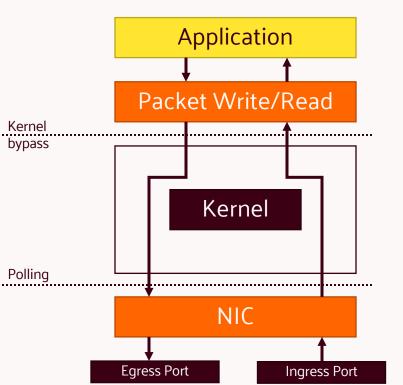




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DRAWBACKS

- Unpredictable latency and problems with low latency guarantees
 - Commodity hardware not designed for packet processing
- Throughput limits
 - Several bottlenecks: PCIe speed, cache misses, memory access, etc.
- Kernel-bypass techniques
 - High performance packet processing
 - Needed for good througput
 - Fully utilized CPU cores
 - Constantly polling NICs
- High energy consumption
 - W/pps
 - Increasing OPEX



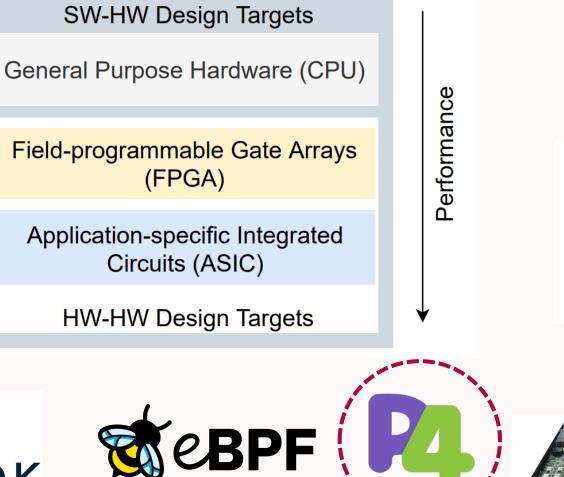




PROGRAMMABLE NETWORK DEVICES AS NF(V) BACKENDS

Abstraction / Programmability

DPDK



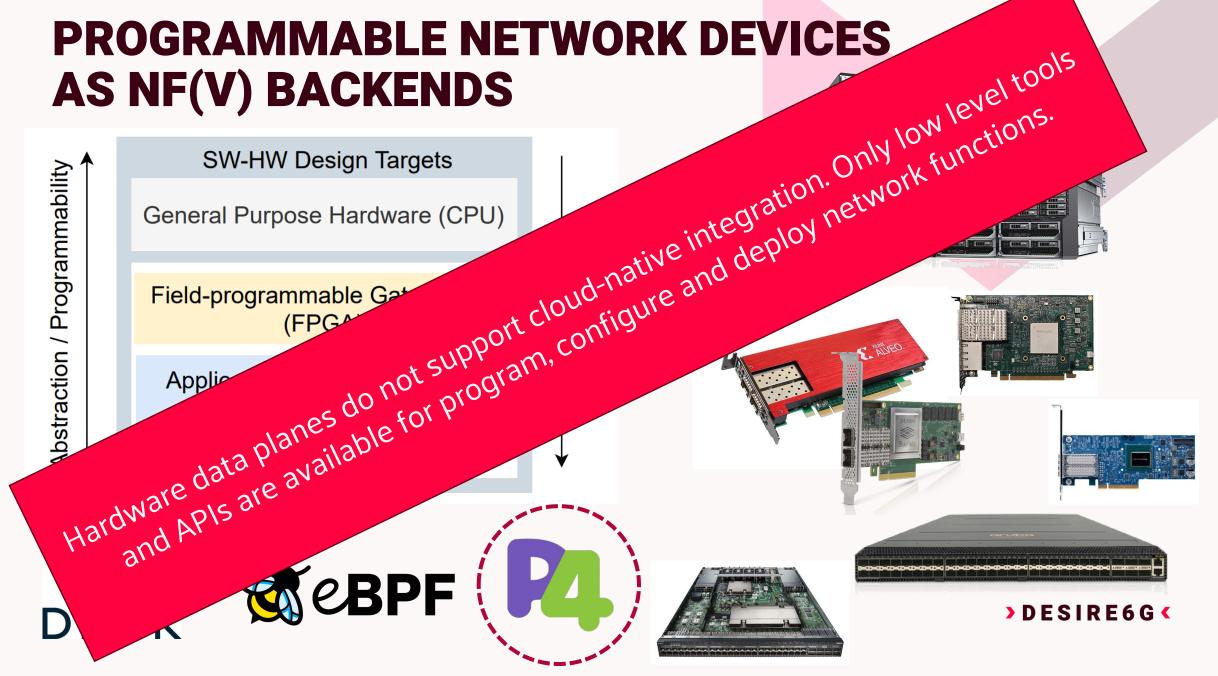


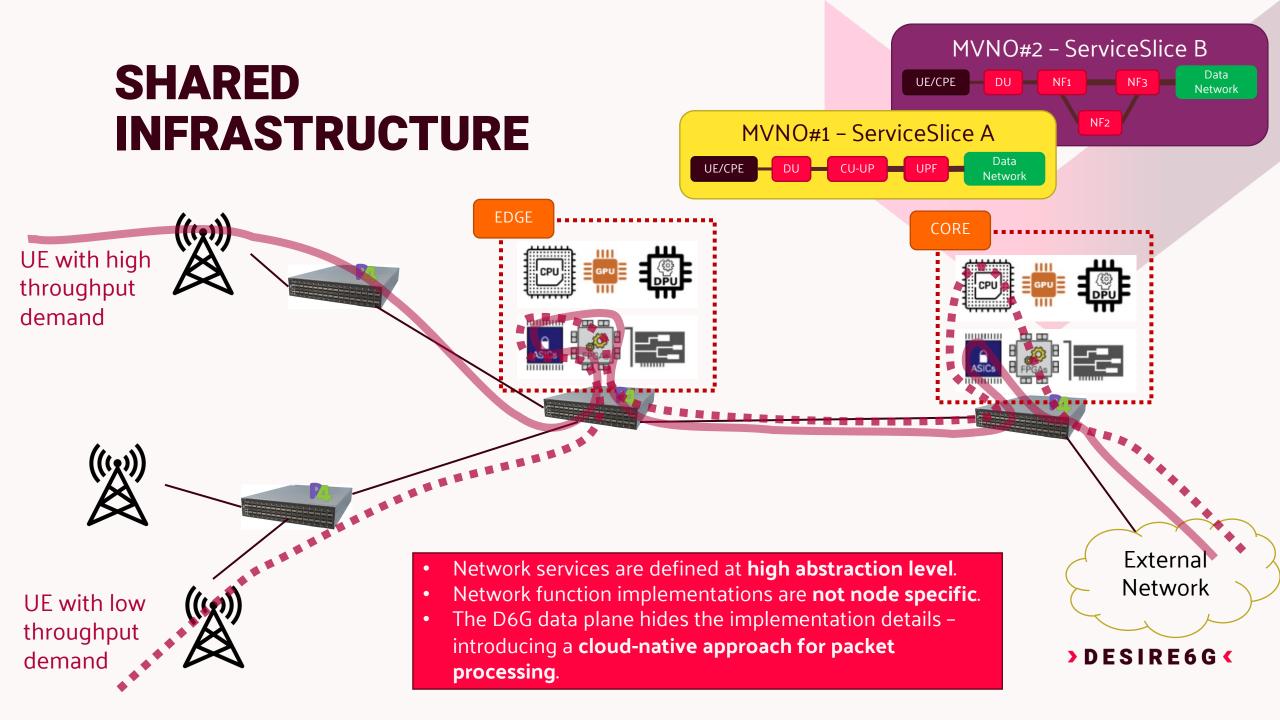






PROGRAMMABLE NETWORK DEVICES

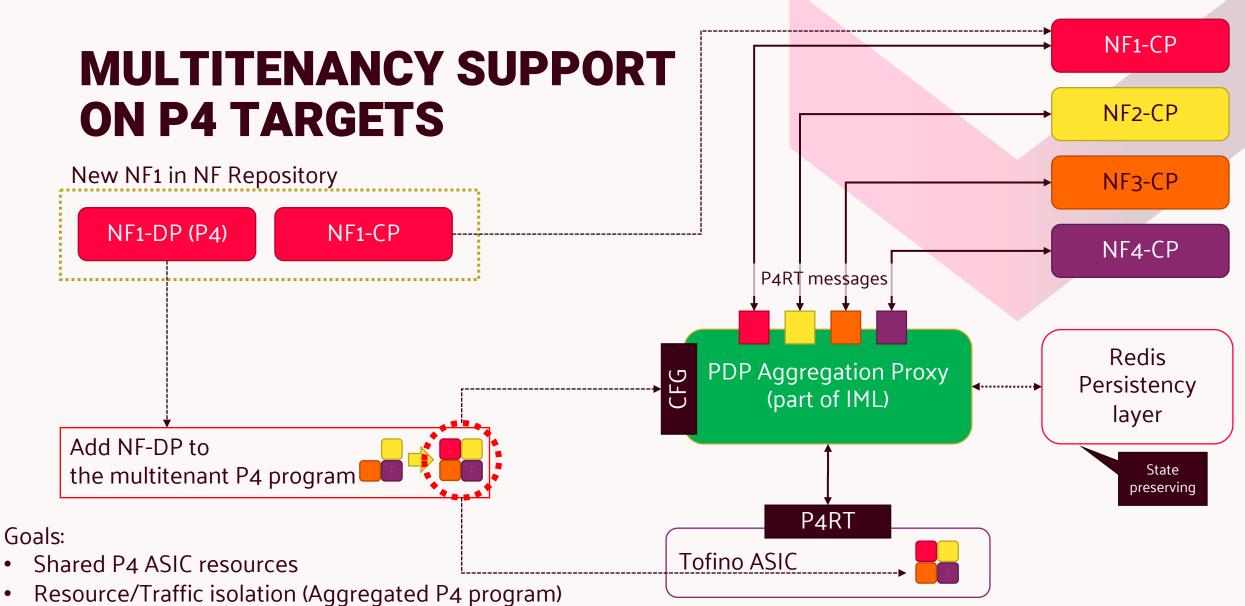




IML: A CLOUD-NATIVE DATA PLANE MANAGER

- Infrastructure Management Layer (IML)
 - A cloud-native data plane manager
- Provides a **simple logical view** of the data plane to control planes
- Ensures **service/slice requirements**
- Hides the underlying **implementation and optimization** details
 - Load balancing
 - Heavy hitter handling
 - Auto-scaling
 - HW offloading/acceleration
 - HW multitenancy



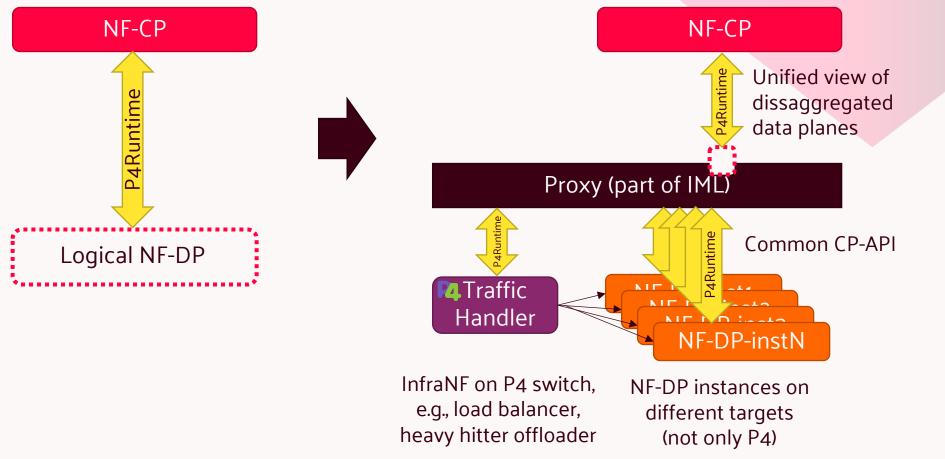


Security isolation (PDP Aggregation Proxy)

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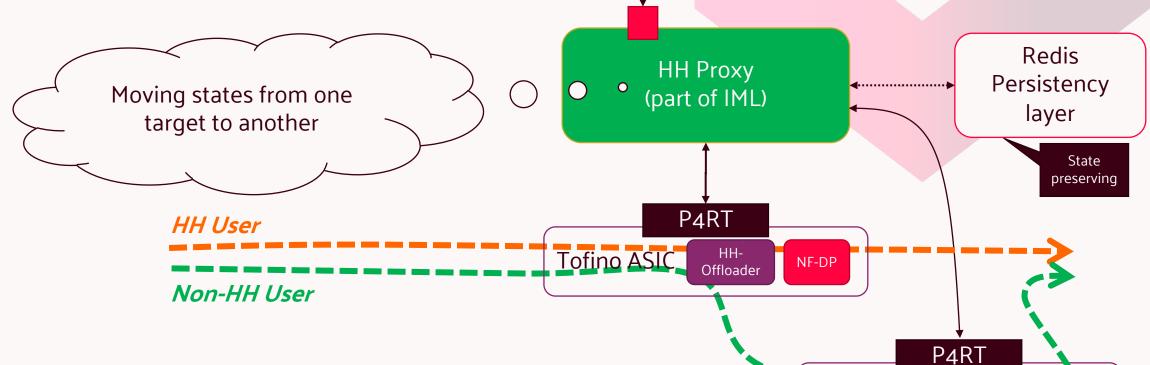
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SEAMLESS LOAD BALANCING/OPTIMIZATION



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HEAVY HITTER OFFLOADING WITH HYBRID HARDWARE



Goals:

- Heavy hitters with high throughput demand
 - Served by dedicated HW like Tofino ASIC
- Non-heavy hitters not requiring dedicated high-speed HW
- Run-time optimization needed

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NF-DP

x86-inst#1

NF-CP



RUNTIME SIMPLIFICATIONS FOR 6G?



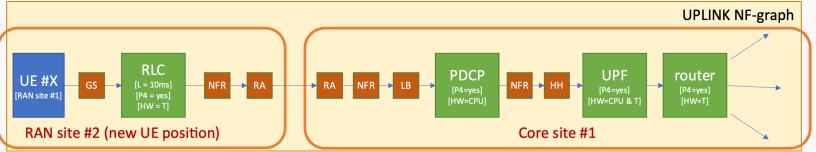
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ONE EXAMPLE: HANDOVERS

UPLINK NF-graph RLC **PDCP** UPF router UE #X NFR 🔶 RA GS NFR [P4=yes] [HW=CPU] [P4=yes] [P4 = yes] [HW = T] [RAN site #1 HW=CPU & T RAN site #1 (UE position) Core site #1



UE moves to RAN site #2: RAN sub-graph has to "follow" ← can be independent from service logic

- Uplink is usually non-critical
- Downlink: either site-site routing learns new UE position (preferred)
 - ... or it is set via CP

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TAKE-AWAY

Simplicity and high-performance: they are not necessarily enemies! In 6G we'll need both.

We answer the following questions:

- How to have cloud-native-like behavior also for user plane (PDP, IML)
 - Transparent acceleration
 - Automatic load balancing and heavy-hitter handling
 - These mechanisms are independent from the business logic / NF-CP
- How to maintain performance KPIs dynamically (MAS)
 - On-demand in-network telemetry
 - Multi-agent-based service optimizers
- How to offer simplicity towards users (SMO)
 - o Intent-based, simple external APIs
 - Translation logic to create internal, more complex structures





THANKS!

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DESIRE6G has received funding from the Smart Networks and Services Joint Undertaking (SNS JU) under the European Union's Horizon Europe research and innovation programme under Grant Agreement No 101096466.

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